MILITARY INSTALLATION DEVELOPMENT
AUTHORITY AMENDMENTS
2009 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Sheldon L. Killpack
House Sponsor: Brad L. Dee

General Description:

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This bill modifies provisions related to the military installation development authority.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ► authorizes the military installation development authority to levy a municipal energy sales and use tax, municipal telecommunications license tax, and a transient room tax;
- ▶ prohibits municipalities from levying a municipal energy sales and use tax, municipal telecommunications license tax, or a transient room tax in a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military installation development authority;
- ▶ provides for a portion of sales and use tax revenues generated within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military installation development authority to be distributed to the military installation development authority;
- ▶ prohibits municipalities, local districts, and special service districts from annexing land within a military installation development authority project area without the consent of the military installation development authority;



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- 26 • authorizes the military installation development authority to issue industrial revenue 27 bonds and provides for the authority to be subject to the Utah Industrial Facilities 28 and Development Act; • authorizes the military installation development authority to issue assessment bonds 29 30 and provides for the authority to be subject to the Assessment Area Act; 31
 - ► modifies the definitions of "base taxable value," "military land," "project area,"
- 32 "project area budget," "publicly owned infrastructure and improvements," and "taxing entity," eliminates the definition of "record property owner," and enacts new 33 34 definitions under the Military Installation Development Authority Act;
 - modifies and clarifies the status of the military installation development authority to provide that it has statewide jurisdiction, that its purpose is to facilitate the development of military land, and that it is a political subdivision of the state and a public corporation;
 - modifies the powers of the military installation development authority, including giving it the power to:
 - acquire an interest in property outside a project area, if the board considers it necessary for fulfilling the authority's development objectives; and
 - exercise exclusive police power within a project area:
 - prohibits the military installation development authority from itself providing law enforcement or fire protection service;
 - provides for the distribution of some tax increment revenue;
 - requires some revenues to be used for municipal services within project areas;
 - expands the military installation development authority's exemption from county and municipal ordinances to include an exemption from all county and municipal ordinances and regulations, not just those related to land use;
 - exempts the military installation development authority from the jurisdiction of local districts and special service districts;
 - requires the military installation development authority to provide notice of the establishment of project areas;
- 55 authorizes the board of the military installation development authority to delegate 56 powers to its staff;

57	 provides that board appointees serve at the pleasure of and may be removed and
58	replaced by the appointing authority;
59	 modifies requirements for preparing and adopting a project area plan;
60	 requires the board of the military installation development authority to adopt a
61	project area budget before receiving or using tax increment and authorizes the board
62	to amend a project area budget;
63	 provides that improvements become subject to property tax in the year during which
64	the military installation development authority issues a certificate of occupancy;
65	 designates the authority chief financial officer as a public treasurer and requires the
66	chief financial officer to invest certain authority funds as provided in the State
67	Money Management Act;
68	 modifies a provision relating to the allowable uses of tax increment; and
69	 provides that, upon the dissolution of the military installation development
70	authority, all title to its property vests in the state.
71	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
72	None
73	Other Special Clauses:
74	This bill provides an immediate effective date.
75	Utah Code Sections Affected:
76	AMENDS:
77	10-1-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 255
78	10-1-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 250
79	10-2-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
80	10-2-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 167
81	11-17-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 73
82	11-42-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
83	17B-1-104, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
84	17B-1-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
85	17D-1-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
86	17D-1-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
87	59-12-205 as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008. Chapter 384

88	59-12-352, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, First Special Session, Chapter 10
89	63H-1-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 23
90	63H-1-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 120
91	63H-1-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 23
92	63H-1-302, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 23
93	63H-1-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 23
94	63H-1-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 23
95	63H-1-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 23
96	63H-1-403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 23
97	63H-1-501, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 23
98	63H-1-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 120
99	63H-1-801, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 23
100	ENACTS:
101	11-17-3.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
102	63H-1-203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
103	63H-1-405 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
104	63H-1-503 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
105	63H-1-706 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
106	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
107	63H-1-202, (Renumbered from 63H-1-404, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter
108	23)
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110	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
111	Section 1. Section 10-1-304 is amended to read:
112	10-1-304. Municipality may levy tax Rate Imposition or repeal of tax Tax
113	rate change Effective date Notice requirements Exemptions.
114	(1) (a) Except as provided in [Subsection (4)] Subsections (4) and (5), a municipality
115	may levy a municipal energy sales and use tax on the sale or use of taxable energy within the
116	municipality:
117	[(a)] (i) by ordinance as provided in Section 10-1-305; and
118	[(b)] (ii) of up to 6% of the delivered value of the taxable energy.

119	(b) Subject to Section 63H-1-203, the military installation development authority
120	created in Section 63H-1-201 may levy a municipal energy sales and use tax under this part
121	within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the authority under Title 63H,
122	Chapter 1, Military Installation Development Authority Act, as though the authority were a
123	municipality.
124	(2) A municipal energy sales and use tax imposed under this part may be in addition to
125	any sales and use tax imposed by the municipality under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use
126	Tax Act.
127	(3) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (3):
128	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a municipality under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part
129	4, Annexation.
130	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a municipality.
131	(b) (i) If, on or after May 1, 2000, a city or town enacts or repeals a tax or changes the
132	rate of a tax under this part, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:
133	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
134	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
135	the requirements of Subsection (3)(b)(ii) from the municipality.
136	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (3)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
137	(A) that the city or town will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of a tax under this
138	part;
139	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A);
140	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A); and
141	(D) if the city or town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in
142	Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A), the new rate of the tax.
143	(c) (i) If, for an annexation that occurs on or after May 1, 2000, the annexation will
144	result in a change in the rate of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the change shall take
145	effect:
146	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
147	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
148	the requirements of Subsection (3)(c)(ii) from the municipality that annexes the annexing area.
149	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B) shall state:

150	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) will result in a change in the
151	rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
152	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(A);
153	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(A); and
154	(D) the new rate of the tax described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(A).
155	(4) [Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a] \underline{A} sale or use of electricity within a
156	municipality is exempt from the tax authorized by this section if the sale or use is:
157	(a) made under a tariff adopted by the Public Service Commission of Utah only for
158	purchase of electricity produced from a new wind, geothermal, biomass, or solar power energy
159	source, as designated in the tariff by the Public Service Commission of Utah; and
160	(b) for an amount of electricity that is:
161	(i) unrelated to the amount of electricity used by the person purchasing the electricity
162	under the tariff described in Subsection (4)(a); and
163	(ii) equivalent to the number of kilowatthours specified in the tariff described in
164	Subsection (4)(a) that may be purchased under the tariff described in Subsection (4)(a).
165	(5) (a) A municipality may not levy a municipal energy sales and use tax within any
166	portion of the municipality that is within a project area described in a project area plan adopted
167	by the military installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military
168	Installation Development Authority Act.
169	(b) Subsection (5)(a) does not apply to the military installation development authority's
170	levy of a municipal energy sales and use tax.
171	Section 2. Section 10-1-403 is amended to read:
172	10-1-403. Municipality may levy municipal telecommunications license tax
173	Recovery from customers Enactment, repeal, or change in rate of tax Annexation.
174	(1) (a) (i) Subject to the provisions of this section, beginning July 1, 2004, a
175	municipality may levy on and provide that there is collected from a telecommunications
176	provider a municipal telecommunications license tax on the telecommunications provider's
177	gross receipts from telecommunications service that are attributed to the municipality in
178	accordance with Section 10-1-407.
179	(ii) Subject to Section 63H-1-203, the military installation development authority
180	created in Section 63H-1-201 may levy and collect a municipal telecommunications license tax

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- under this part for telecommunications service provided within a project area described in a
 project area plan adopted by the authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation
 Development Authority Act, as though the authority were a municipality.
 - (b) To levy and provide for the collection of a municipal telecommunications license tax under this part, the municipality shall adopt an ordinance that complies with the requirements of Section 10-1-404.
 - (c) Beginning on July 1, 2007, a municipal telecommunications license tax imposed under this part shall be at a rate of up to 3.5% of the telecommunications provider's gross receipts from telecommunications service that are attributed to the municipality in accordance with Section 10-1-407.
 - (2) A telecommunications provider may recover the amounts paid in municipal telecommunications license taxes from the customers of the telecommunications provider within the municipality imposing the municipal telecommunications license tax through a charge that is separately identified in the statement of the transaction with the customer as the recovery of a tax.
 - (3) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (3):
 - (i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a municipality under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 4, Annexation.
 - (ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a municipality.
 - (b) (i) If, on or after July 1, 2004, a municipality enacts or repeals a tax or changes the rate of the tax under this part, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:
 - (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
 - (B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (3)(b)(ii) from the municipality.
 - (ii) The notice described in Subsection (3)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
- 206 (A) that the municipality will enact or repeal a tax under this part or change the rate of 207 the tax;
 - (B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A);
- 209 (C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A); and
- 210 (D) if the municipality enacts the municipal telecommunications license tax or changes 211 the rate of the tax, the new rate of the tax.

212	(c) (i) If, for an annexation that occurs on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will
213	result in a change in the rate of the tax under this part for an annexing area, the change shall
214	take effect:
215	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
216	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
217	the requirements of Subsection (3)(c)(ii) from the municipality that annexes the annexing area.
218	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B) shall state:
219	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) will result in a change in the
220	rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
221	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(A);
222	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(A); and
223	(D) the new rate of the tax described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(A).
224	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b), for purposes of a change in a municipal
225	telecommunications license tax rate that takes effect on July 1, 2007, a municipality is not
226	subject to the notice requirements of Subsection (3)(b) if:
227	(a) on June 30, 2007, the municipality has in effect an ordinance that levies a municipal
228	telecommunications license tax at a rate that exceeds 3.5%; and
229	(b) on July 1, 2007, the municipality has in effect an ordinance that levies a municipal
230	telecommunications license tax at a rate of 3.5%.
231	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b), for purposes of a change in a municipal
232	telecommunications license tax rate that takes effect on July 1, 2007, the 90-day period
233	described in Subsection (3)(b)(i)(B) is considered to be a 30-day period if:
234	(a) on June 30, 2007, the municipality has in effect an ordinance that levies a municipal
235	telecommunications license tax at a rate that exceeds 3.5%; and
236	(b) on July 1, 2007, the municipality has in effect an ordinance that levies a municipal
237	telecommunications license tax at a rate that is less than 3.5%.
238	(6) (a) A municipality may not levy or collect a municipal telecommunications license
239	tax for telecommunication service provided within any portion of the municipality that is
240	within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military installation
241	development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development
242	Authority Act.

243	(b) Subsection (6)(a) does not apply to the military installation development authority's
244	levy of a municipal telecommunications license tax.
245	Section 3. Section 10-2-401 is amended to read:
246	10-2-401. Definitions Property owner provisions.
247	(1) As used in this part:
248	(a) "Affected entity" means:
249	(i) a county in whose unincorporated area the area proposed for annexation is located;
250	(ii) a local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local
251	Districts, or special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act,
252	whose boundaries include any part of an area proposed for annexation;
253	(iii) a school district whose boundaries include any part of an area proposed for
254	annexation; and
255	(iv) a municipality whose boundaries are within 1/2 mile of an area proposed for
256	annexation.
257	(b) "Annexation petition" means a petition under Section 10-2-403 proposing the
258	annexation to a municipality of a contiguous, unincorporated area that is contiguous to the
259	municipality.
260	(c) "Commission" means a boundary commission established under Section 10-2-409
261	for the county in which the property that is proposed for annexation is located.
262	(d) "Expansion area" means the unincorporated area that is identified in an annexation
263	policy plan under Section 10-2-401.5 as the area that the municipality anticipates annexing in
264	the future.
265	(e) "Feasibility consultant" means a person or firm with expertise in the processes and
266	economics of local government.
267	(f) "Municipal selection committee" means a committee in each county composed of
268	the mayor of each municipality within that county.
269	(g) "Private," with respect to real property, means not owned by the United States or
270	any agency of the federal government, the state, a county, a municipality, a school district, a
271	local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts, a
272	special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, or any other
273	political subdivision or governmental entity of the state.

274 (h) "Specified county" means a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class. 275 (i) "Urban development" means: 276 (i) a housing development with more than 15 residential units and an average density 277 greater than one residential unit per acre; or 278 (ii) a commercial or industrial development for which cost projections exceed 279 \$750,000 for all phases. 280 (2) For purposes of this part: 281 (a) the owner of real property shall be: 282 (i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the record title owner according to the 283 records of the county recorder on the date of the filing of the petition or protest; [and] or 284 (ii) the lessee of military land, as defined in Section 63H-1-102, if the area proposed 285 for annexation includes military land that is within a project area described in a project area 286 plan adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1. Military Installation Development Authority Act; and 287 288 (b) the value of private real property shall be determined according to the last 289 assessment roll for county taxes before the filing of the petition or protest. 290 (3) For purposes of each provision of this part that requires the owners of private real 291 property covering a percentage or majority of the total private land area within an area to sign a 292 petition or protest: 293 (a) a parcel of real property may not be included in the calculation of the required 294 percentage or majority unless the petition or protest is signed by: 295 (i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), owners representing a majority 296 ownership interest in that parcel; or 297 (ii) if the parcel is owned by joint tenants or tenants by the entirety, 50% of the number 298 of owners of that parcel; 299 (b) the signature of a person signing a petition or protest in a representative capacity on 300 behalf of an owner is invalid unless: 301 (i) the person's representative capacity and the name of the owner the person represents 302 are indicated on the petition or protest with the person's signature; and 303 (ii) the person provides documentation accompanying the petition or protest that

substantiates the person's representative capacity; and

303	(c) subject to Subsection (3)(b), a duly appointed personal representative may sign a
306	petition or protest on behalf of a deceased owner.
307	Section 4. Section 10-2-402 is amended to read:
308	10-2-402. Annexation Limitations.
309	(1) (a) A contiguous, unincorporated area that is contiguous to a municipality may be
310	annexed to the municipality as provided in this part.
311	(b) An unincorporated area may not be annexed to a municipality unless:
312	(i) it is a contiguous area;
313	(ii) it is contiguous to the municipality;
314	(iii) except as provided in Subsection 10-2-418(1)(b), annexation will not leave or
315	create an unincorporated island or peninsula; and
316	(iv) for an area located in a specified county with respect to an annexation that occurs
317	after December 31, 2002, the area is within the proposed annexing municipality's expansion
318	area.
319	(2) Except as provided in Section 10-2-418, a municipality may not annex an
320	unincorporated area unless a petition under Section 10-2-403 is filed requesting annexation.
321	(3) An annexation under this part may not include part of a parcel of real property and
322	exclude part of that same parcel unless the owner of that parcel has signed the annexation
323	petition under Section 10-2-403.
324	(4) A municipality may not annex an unincorporated area in a specified county for the
325	sole purpose of acquiring municipal revenue or to retard the capacity of another municipality to
326	annex the same or a related area unless the municipality has the ability and intent to benefit the
327	annexed area by providing municipal services to the annexed area.
328	(5) The legislative body of a specified county may not approve urban development
329	within a municipality's expansion area unless:
330	(a) the county notifies the municipality of the proposed development; and
331	(b) (i) the municipality consents in writing to the development; or
332	(ii) (A) within 90 days after the county's notification of the proposed development, the
333	municipality submits to the county a written objection to the county's approval of the proposed
334	development; and
335	(B) the county responds in writing to the municipality's objections.

- (6) (a) An annexation petition may not be filed under this part proposing the annexation of an area located in a county that is not the county in which the proposed annexing municipality is located unless the legislative body of the county in which the area is located has adopted a resolution approving the proposed annexation.
- (b) Each county legislative body that declines to adopt a resolution approving a proposed annexation described in Subsection (6)(a) shall provide a written explanation of its reasons for declining to approve the proposed annexation.
- (7) (a) As used in this Subsection (7), "airport" means an area that the Federal Aviation Administration has, by a record of decision, approved for the construction or operation of a Class I, II, or III commercial service airport, as designated by the Federal Aviation Administration in 14 C.F.R. Part 139.
- (b) A municipality may not annex an unincorporated area within 5,000 feet of the center line of any runway of an airport operated or to be constructed and operated by another municipality unless the legislative body of the other municipality adopts a resolution consenting to the annexation.
- (c) A municipality that operates or intends to construct and operate an airport and does not adopt a resolution consenting to the annexation of an area described in Subsection (7)(b) may not deny an annexation petition proposing the annexation of that same area to that municipality.
- (8) A municipality may not annex an unincorporated area located within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development Authority Act, without the authority's approval.
 - Section 5. Section 11-17-2 is amended to read:
 - **11-17-2. Definitions.**

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Bonds" means bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness.
- (2) "Finance" or "financing" includes the issuing of bonds by a municipality, county, or state university for the purpose of using a portion, or all or substantially all of the proceeds to pay for or to reimburse the user or its designee for the costs of the acquisition of facilities of a project, or to create funds for the project itself where appropriate, whether these costs are

- incurred by the municipality, the county, the state university, the user, or a designee of the user. If title to or in these facilities at all times remains in the user, the bonds of the municipality or county shall be secured by a pledge of one or more notes, debentures, bonds, other secured or unsecured debt obligations of the user, or such sinking fund or other arrangement as in the judgment of the governing body is appropriate for the purpose of assuring repayment of the bond obligations to investors in accordance with their terms.
- (3) "Governing body" means [the board or body that the general legislative powers of the municipality or county are vested. In the case of state universities to which this chapter applies, "governing body" means]:
 - (a) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town;
- (b) for the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201, the authority board, as defined in Section 63H-1-102;
- (c) for the University of Utah and Utah State University, the board or body having the control and supervision of the University of Utah and Utah State University [and, with reference to]; and
- (d) for a nonprofit corporation or foundation created by and operating under the auspices of a state university, the board of directors or board of trustees of that corporation or foundation.
- (4) "Industrial park" means land, including all necessary rights, appurtenances, easements, and franchises relating to it, acquired and developed by any municipality, county, or state university for the establishment and location of a series of sites for plants and other buildings for industrial, distribution, and wholesale use. There may be included as part of the development of the land for any industrial park under this chapter the acquisition and provision of water, sewerage, drainage, street, road, sidewalk, curb, gutter, street lighting, electrical distribution, railroad, or docking facilities, or any combination of them, but only to the extent that these facilities are incidental to the use of the land as an industrial park.
 - (5) "Mortgage" means a mortgage, trust deed, or other security device.
- (6) "Municipality" means any incorporated city or town in the state, including cities or towns operating under home rule charters.
- (7) "Pollution" means any form of environmental pollution including, but not limited to, water pollution, air pollution, pollution caused by solid waste disposal, thermal pollution,

398 radiation contamination, or noise pollution.

(8) "Project" means:

- (a) any industrial park, land, interest in land, building, structure, facility, system, fixture, improvement, appurtenance, machinery, equipment, or any combination of them, whether or not in existence or under construction:
- (i) that is suitable for industrial, manufacturing, warehousing, research, business, and professional office building facilities, commercial, shopping services, food, lodging, low income rental housing, recreational, or any other business purposes;
 - (ii) that is suitable to provide services to the general public;
- (iii) that is suitable for use by any corporation, person, or entity engaged in health care services, including hospitals, nursing homes, extended care facilities, facilities for the care of persons with a physical or mental disability, and administrative and support facilities; or
- (iv) that is suitable for use by a state university for the purpose of aiding in the accomplishment of its authorized academic, scientific, engineering, technical, and economic development functions, but "project" does not include any property, real, personal, or mixed, for the purpose of the construction, reconstruction, improvement, or maintenance of a public utility as defined in Section 54-2-1, and except as provided in Subsection (8)(b);
- (b) any land, interest in land, building, structure, facility, system, fixture, improvement, appurtenance, machinery, equipment, or any combination of them, used by any individual, partnership, firm, company, corporation, public utility, association, trust, estate, political subdivision, state agency, or any other legal entity, or its legal representative, agent, or assigns, for the reduction, abatement, or prevention of pollution, including, but not limited to, the removal or treatment of any substance in process material, if that material would cause pollution if used without the removal or treatment;
- (c) facilities, machinery, or equipment, the manufacturing and financing of which will maintain or enlarge domestic or foreign markets for Utah industrial products; or
- (d) any economic development or new venture investment fund to be raised other than from:
 - (i) municipal or county general fund moneys;
 - (ii) moneys raised under the taxing power of any county or municipality; or
- (iii) moneys raised against the general credit of any county or municipality.

429	(9) "State university" means the University of Utah and Utah State University and
430	includes any nonprofit corporation or foundation created by and operating under their authority.
431	(10) "User" means the person, whether natural or corporate, who will occupy, operate,
432	maintain, and employ the facilities of, or manage and administer a project after the financing,
433	acquisition, or construction of it, whether as owner, manager, purchaser, lessee, or otherwise.
434	Section 6. Section 11-17-3.5 is enacted to read:
435	11-17-3.5. Powers of Military Installation Development Authority.
436	The military installation development authority, created in Section 63H-1-201, is
437	subject to and governed by the provisions of this chapter to the same extent as if the military
438	installation development authority were a municipality.
439	Section 7. Section 11-42-102 is amended to read:
440	11-42-102. Definitions.
441	(1) "Adequate protests" means timely filed, written protests under Section 11-42-203
442	that represent at least 50% of the frontage, area, taxable value, fair market value, lots, number
443	of connections, or equivalent residential units of the property proposed to be assessed,
444	according to the same assessment method by which the assessment is proposed to be levied,
445	after eliminating:
446	(a) protests relating to:
447	(i) property that has been deleted from a proposed assessment area; or
448	(ii) an improvement that has been deleted from the proposed improvements to be
449	provided to property within the proposed assessment area; and
450	(b) protests that have been withdrawn under Subsection 11-42-203(3).
451	(2) "Assessment area" means an area, or, if more than one area is designated, the
452	aggregate of all areas within a local entity's jurisdictional boundaries that is designated by a
453	local entity under Part 2, Designating an Assessment Area, for the purpose of financing the
454	costs of improvements, operation and maintenance, or economic promotion activities that
455	benefit property within the area.
456	(3) "Assessment bonds" means bonds that are:
457	(a) issued under Section 11-42-605; and
458	(b) payable in part or in whole from assessments levied in an assessment area,
459	improvement revenues, and a guaranty fund or reserve fund.

- 460 (4) "Assessment fund" means a special fund that a local entity establishes under Section 11-42-412. 461 462 (5) "Assessment lien" means a lien on property within an assessment area that arises 463 from the levy of an assessment, as provided in Section 11-42-501. 464 (6) "Assessment method" means the method by which an assessment is levied against 465 property, whether by frontage, area, taxable value, fair market value, lot, number of 466 connections, equivalent residential unit, or any combination of these methods. 467 (7) "Assessment ordinance" means an ordinance adopted by a local entity under 468 Section 11-42-404 that levies an assessment on benefitted property within an assessment area. 469 (8) "Assessment resolution" means a resolution adopted by a local entity under Section 470 11-42-404 that levies an assessment on benefitted property within an assessment area. 471 (9) "Benefitted property" means property within an assessment area that benefits from 472 improvements, operation and maintenance, or economic promotion activities. (10) "Bond anticipation notes" means notes issued under Section 11-42-602 in 473 474 anticipation of the issuance of assessment bonds. 475 (11) "Bonds" means assessment bonds and refunding assessment bonds. 476 (12) "Commercial area" means an area in which at least 75% of the property is devoted 477 to the interchange of goods or commodities. 478 (13) "Connection fee" means a fee charged by a local entity to pay for the costs of 479 connecting property to a publicly owned sewer, water, gas, telecommunications, or electrical 480 system, whether or not improvements are installed on the property. 481 (14) "Contract price" means: 482 (a) the cost of acquiring an improvement, if the improvement is acquired; or 483 (b) the amount payable to one or more contractors for the design, engineering, 484 inspection, and construction of an improvement. 485 (15) "Designation ordinance" means an ordinance adopted by a local entity under 486 Section 11-42-206 designating an assessment area.
- 489 (17) "Economic promotion activities" means activities that promote economic growth 490

(16) "Designation resolution" means a resolution adopted by a local entity under

Section 11-42-206 designating an assessment area.

487

491	(a) sponsoring festivals and markets;
492	(b) promoting business investment or activities;
493	(c) helping to coordinate public and private actions; and
494	(d) developing and issuing publications designed to improve the economic well-being
495	of the commercial area.
496	(18) "Equivalent residential unit" means a dwelling, unit, or development that is equal
497	to a single-family residence in terms of the nature of its use or impact on an improvement to be
498	provided in the assessment area.
499	(19) "Governing body" means:
500	(a) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town;
501	(b) for a local district, the board of trustees of the local district; [and]
502	(c) for a special service district:
503	(i) the legislative body of the county, city, or town that established the special service
504	district, if no administrative control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301; or
505	(ii) the administrative control board of the special service district, if an administrative
506	control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301[-]; and
507	(d) for the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201,
508	the authority board, as defined in Section 63H-1-102.
509	(20) "Guaranty fund" means the fund established by a local entity under Section
510	11-42-701.
511	(21) "Improved property" means property proposed to be assessed within an
512	assessment area upon which a residential, commercial, or other building has been built.
513	(22) "Improvement" means any publicly owned infrastructure, system, or other facility
514	that:
515	(a) a local entity is authorized to provide; or
516	(b) the governing body of a local entity determines is necessary or convenient to enable
517	the local entity to provide a service that the local entity is authorized to provide.
518	(23) "Improvement revenues":
519	(a) means charges, fees, impact fees, or other revenues that a local entity receives from
520	improvements; and
521	(b) does not include revenue from assessments.

522	(24) "Incidental refunding costs" means any costs of issuing refunding assessment
523	bonds and calling, retiring, or paying prior bonds, including:
524	(a) legal and accounting fees;
525	(b) charges of fiscal agents, escrow agents, and trustees;
526	(c) underwriting discount costs, printing costs, the costs of giving notice;
527	(d) any premium necessary in the calling or retiring of prior bonds;
528	(e) fees to be paid to the local entity to issue the refunding assessment bonds and to
529	refund the outstanding prior bonds;
530	(f) any other costs that the governing body determines are necessary or desirable to
531	incur in connection with the issuance of refunding assessment bonds; and
532	(g) any interest on the prior bonds that is required to be paid in connection with the
533	issuance of the refunding assessment bonds.
534	(25) "Installment payment date" means the date on which an installment payment of an
535	assessment is payable.
536	(26) "Interim warrant" means a warrant issued by a local entity under Section
537	11-42-601.
538	(27) "Jurisdictional boundaries" means:
539	(a) for a county, the boundaries of the unincorporated area of the county; and
540	(b) for each other local entity, the boundaries of the local entity.
541	(28) "Local district" means a local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local
542	Government Entities - Local Districts.
543	(29) "Local entity" means a county, city, town, special service district, [or] local
544	district, or military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201.
545	(30) "Local entity obligations" means assessment bonds, refunding assessment bonds,
546	interim warrants, and bond anticipation notes issued by a local entity.
547	(31) "Mailing address" means:
548	(a) a property owner's last-known address using the name and address appearing on the
549	last completed real property assessment roll of the county in which the property is located; and
550	(b) if the property is improved property:
551	(i) the property's street number; or
552	(ii) the post office box, rural route number, or other mailing address of the property, if

a street number has not been assigned.

- (32) "Net improvement revenues" means all improvement revenues that a local entity has received since the last installment payment date, less all amounts payable by the local entity from those improvement revenues for operation and maintenance costs.
- (33) "Operation and maintenance costs" means the costs that a local entity incurs in operating and maintaining improvements in an assessment area, including service charges, administrative costs, ongoing maintenance charges, and tariffs or other charges for electrical, water, gas, or other utility usage.
 - (34) "Optional facilities":
 - (a) means facilities in an assessment area that:
- (i) can be conveniently installed at the same time as improvements in the assessment area; and
- (ii) are requested by a property owner on whose property or for whose benefit the improvements are being installed; and
 - (b) includes private driveways, irrigation ditches, and water turnouts.
- (35) "Overhead costs" means the actual costs incurred or the estimated costs to be incurred by a local entity in connection with an assessment area for appraisals, legal fees, filing fees, financial advisory charges, underwriting fees, placement fees, escrow, trustee, and paying agent fees, publishing and mailing costs, costs of levying an assessment, recording costs, and all other incidental costs.
- (36) "Prior bonds" means the assessment bonds that are refunded in part or in whole by refunding assessment bonds.
- (37) "Prior assessment ordinance" means the ordinance levying the assessments from which the prior bonds are payable.
- (38) "Prior assessment resolution" means the resolution levying the assessments from which the prior bonds are payable.
- (39) "Project engineer" means the surveyor or engineer employed by or private consulting engineer engaged by a local entity to perform the necessary engineering services for and to supervise the construction or installation of the improvements.
- (40) "Property" includes real property and any interest in real property, including water rights, leasehold rights, and personal property related to the property.

584 (41) "Property price" means the price at which a local entity purchases or acquires by 585 eminent domain property to make improvements in an assessment area. 586 (42) "Provide" or "providing," with reference to an improvement, includes the 587 acquisition, construction, reconstruction, renovation, maintenance, repair, operation, and 588 expansion of an improvement. 589 (43) "Public agency" means: 590 (a) the state or any agency, department, or division of the state; and 591 (b) a political subdivision of the state. 592 (44) "Reduced payment obligation" means the full obligation of an owner of property 593 within an assessment area to pay an assessment levied on the property after the assessment has 594 been reduced because of the issuance of refunding assessment bonds, as provided in Section 595 11-42-608. 596 (45) "Refunding assessment bonds" means assessment bonds that a local entity issues 597 under Section 11-42-607 to refund, in part or in whole, assessment bonds. 598 (46) "Reserve fund" means a fund established by a local entity under Section 599 11-42-702. 600 (47) "Service" means water, sewer, garbage collection, library, recreation, or electric 601 service, economic promotion activities, or any other service that a local entity is required or 602 authorized to provide. 603 (48) "Special service district" has the same meaning as defined in Section 17D-1-102. 604 (49) "Unimproved property" means property upon which no residential, commercial, or 605 other building has been built. 606 (50) "Voluntary assessment area" means an assessment area that contains only property 607 whose owners have voluntarily consented to an assessment. 608 Section 8. Section **17B-1-104** is amended to read: 609 17B-1-104. Property owner provisions. 610 (1) For purposes of this title: (a) the owner of real property shall be: 611 612 (i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), the fee title owner according to the 613 records of the county recorder on the date of the filing of the request or petition; [and] or 614 (ii) for a proposed annexation under Part 4, Annexation, the lessee of military land, as

615	defined in Section 63H-1-102, if the area proposed for annexation includes military land that is
616	within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military installation
617	development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development
618	Authority Act; and
619	(b) the value of private real property shall be determined according to the last
620	assessment before the filing of the request or petition, as determined by:
621	(i) the county under Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 3, County Assessment, for property
622	subject to assessment by the county;
623	(ii) the State Tax Commission under Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 2, Assessment of
624	Property, for property subject to assessment by the State Tax Commission; or
625	(iii) the county, for all other property.
626	(2) For purposes of each provision of this title that requires the owners of private real
627	property covering a percentage of the total private land area within the proposed local district
628	to sign a request, petition, or protest:
629	(a) a parcel of real property may not be included in the calculation of the required
630	percentage unless the request or petition is signed by:
631	(i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(ii), owners representing a majority
632	ownership interest in that parcel; or
633	(ii) if the parcel is owned by joint tenants or tenants by the entirety, 50% of the number
634	of owners of that parcel;
635	(b) the signature of a person signing a request or petition in a representative capacity on
636	behalf of an owner is invalid unless:
637	(i) the person's representative capacity and the name of the owner the person represents
638	are indicated on the request or petition with the person's signature; and
639	(ii) the person provides documentation accompanying the request or petition that
640	reasonably substantiates the person's representative capacity; and
641	(c) subject to Subsection (2)(b), a duly appointed personal representative may sign a
642	request or petition on behalf of a deceased owner.
643	Section 9. Section 17B-1-402 is amended to read:
644	17B-1-402. Annexation of area outside local district.
645	(1) An area outside the boundaries of a local district may be annexed to the local

646	district, as provided in this part, in order to provide to the area a service that the local district
647	provides.
648	(2) The area proposed to be annexed:
649	(a) may consist of one or more noncontiguous areas; and
650	(b) need not be adjacent to the boundaries of the proposed annexing local district.
651	(3) With respect to a local district in the creation of which an election was not required
652	under Subsection 17B-1-214(3)(c):
653	(a) an unincorporated area of a county may not be annexed to the local district unless,
654	after annexation, at least a majority of the unincorporated area of the county will be included in
655	the local district; and
656	(b) the annexation of any part of an area within a municipality shall include all of the
657	area within the municipality.
658	(4) A local district may not annex an area located within a project area described in a
659	project area plan adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H,
660	Chapter 1, Military Installation Development Authority Act, without the authority's approval.
661	Section 10. Section 17D-1-104 is amended to read:
662	17D-1-104. Property owner provisions Determination of registered voters.
663	(1) For purposes of this chapter:
664	(a) the owner of real property is:
665	(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), the fee title owner according to the
666	records of the county recorder on the date of the filing of the petition or protest; [and] or
667	(ii) for a proposed annexation or addition of a new service under Part 4, Annexing a
668	New Area and Adding a New Service, the lessee of military land, as defined in Section
669	63H-1-102, if the area proposed to be annexed or within which a new service is proposed to be
670	added includes military land that is within a project area described in a project area plan
671	adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military
672	Installation Development Authority Act; and
673	(b) the value of private real property is determined according to the last assessment
674	before the filing of the petition or protest, as determined by:
675	(i) (A) the county under Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 3, County Assessment, for property
676	subject to assessment by the county; or

677	(B) the State Tax Commission under Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 2, Assessment of
678	Property, for property subject to assessment by the State Tax Commission; and
679	(ii) the county, for all other property.
680	(2) For purposes of each provision of this chapter that requires the owners of private
681	real property covering a percentage of the total private land area within the applicable area to
682	sign a petition or protest:
683	(a) a parcel of real property may not be included in the calculation of the required
684	percentage unless the petition or protest is signed by:
685	(i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(ii), owners representing a majority
686	ownership interest in that parcel; or
687	(ii) if the parcel is owned by joint tenants or tenants by the entirety, 50% of the number
688	of owners of that parcel;
689	(b) the signature of a person signing a petition or protest in a representative capacity on
690	behalf of an owner is invalid unless:
691	(i) the person's representative capacity and the name of the owner the person represents
692	are indicated on the petition or protest with the person's signature; and
693	(ii) the person provides documentation accompanying the petition or protest that
694	reasonably substantiates the person's representative capacity; and
695	(c) subject to Subsection (2)(b), a duly appointed personal representative may sign a
696	petition or protest on behalf of a deceased owner.
697	(3) For purposes of this chapter, registered voters shall be determined according to the
698	official register.
699	Section 11. Section 17D-1-401 is amended to read:
700	17D-1-401. Annexing an area or adding a service to an existing special service
701	district.
702	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), a county or municipal legislative
703	body may, as provided in this part:
704	(a) annex an area to an existing special service district to provide to that area a service
705	that the special service district is authorized to provide;
706	(b) add a service under Section 17D-1-201 within the area of an existing special service

district that the special service district is not already authorized to provide; or

- 708 (c) both annex an area under Subsection (1)(a) and add a service under Subsection 709 (1)(b).
 - (2) Except for Section 17D-1-209, the provisions of Part 2, Creating a Special Service District, apply to and govern the process of annexing an area to an existing special service district or adding a service that the special service district is not already authorized to provide, to the same extent as if the annexation or addition were the creation of a special service district.
 - (3) A county or municipal legislative body may not:
 - (a) annex an area to an existing special service district if a local district provides to that area the same service that the special service district is proposed to provide to the area, unless the local district consents to the annexation; or
 - (b) add a service within the area of an existing special service district if a local district provides to that area the same service that is proposed to be added, unless the local district consents to the addition.
 - (4) A county or municipal legislative body may not annex an area to an existing special service district or add a service within the area of an existing special service district if the creation of a special service district including that area or providing that service would not be allowed under Part 2, Creating a Special Service District.
 - (5) A county or municipal legislative body may not annex an area to an existing special service district or add a service within the area of an existing special service district if the area is located within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation

 Development Authority Act, unless the county or municipal legislative body has first obtained the authority's approval.
 - Section 12. Section **59-12-205** is amended to read:
 - 59-12-205. Ordinances to conform with statutory amendments -- Distribution of tax revenues -- Determination of population.
 - (1) Each county, city, and town, in order to maintain in effect sales and use tax ordinances adopted pursuant to Section 59-12-204, shall, within 30 days of any amendment of any applicable provisions of Part 1, Tax Collection, adopt amendments of their respective sales and use tax ordinances to conform with the amendments to Part 1, Tax Collection, insofar as they relate to sales and use taxes.

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739	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (3) through (5):
740	(a) 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall
741	be paid to each county, city, and town on the basis of the percentage that the population of the
742	county, city, or town bears to the total population of all counties, cities, and towns in the state;
743	and
744	(b) (i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), 50% of each dollar collected from
745	the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall be paid to each county, city, and town on the
746	basis of the location where the transaction is consummated as determined under Sections
747	59-12-211 through 59-12-214[-] <u>:</u> and
748	(ii) 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part
749	within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military installation
750	development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development
751	Authority Act, shall be paid to the military installation development authority created in
752	Section 63H-1-201.
753	(3) (a) For fiscal years beginning with fiscal year 1983-84 and ending with fiscal year
754	2005-06, a county, city, or town may not receive a tax revenue distribution less than .75% of
755	the taxable sales within the boundaries of the county, city, or town.
756	(b) The commission shall proportionally reduce monthly distributions to any county,
757	city, or town that, but for the reduction, would receive a distribution in excess of 1% of the
758	sales and use tax revenue collected within the boundaries of the county, city, or town.
759	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4):
760	(i) "Eligible county, city, or town" means a county, city, or town that receives \$2,000 or
761	more in tax revenue distributions in accordance with Subsection (3) for each of the following
762	fiscal years:
763	(A) fiscal year 2002-03;
764	(B) fiscal year 2003-04; and
765	(C) fiscal year 2004-05.
766	(ii) "Minimum tax revenue distribution" means the greater of:
767	(A) the total amount of tax revenue distributions an eligible county, city, or town

(B) the total amount of tax revenue distributions an eligible county, city, or town

receives from a tax imposed in accordance with this part for fiscal year 2000-01; or

- receives from a tax imposed in accordance with this part for fiscal year 2004-05.
- (b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(ii),
- beginning with fiscal year 2006-07 and ending with fiscal year 2012-13, an eligible county,
- city, or town shall receive a tax revenue distribution for a tax imposed in accordance with this part equal to the greater of:
- (A) the payment required by Subsection (2); or
- (B) the minimum tax revenue distribution.
 - (ii) If the tax revenue distribution required by Subsection (4)(b)(i) for an eligible county, city, or town is equal to the amount described in Subsection (4)(b)(i)(A) for three consecutive fiscal years, for fiscal years beginning with the fiscal year immediately following that three consecutive fiscal year period, the eligible county, city, or town shall receive the tax revenue distribution equal to the payment required by Subsection (2).
 - (c) For a fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2013-14 and ending with fiscal year 2015-16, an eligible county, city, or town shall receive the minimum tax revenue distribution for that fiscal year if for fiscal year 2012-13 the payment required by Subsection (2) to that eligible county, city, or town is less than or equal to the product of:
 - (i) the minimum tax revenue distribution; and
- 787 (ii) .90.

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- (5) (a) Population figures for purposes of this section shall be based on the most recent official census or census estimate of the United States Census Bureau.
- (b) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Census Bureau, population figures shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population Estimates Committee created by executive order of the governor.
- (6) The population of a county for purposes of this section shall be determined solely from the unincorporated area of the county.
 - Section 13. Section **59-12-352** is amended to read:
- 59-12-352. Transient room tax authority for municipalities and military installation development authority -- Purposes for which revenues may be used.
- (1) [The] (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5), the governing body of a municipality may impose a tax of not to exceed 1% on charges for the accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i).

801	(b) Subject to Section 63H-1-203, the military installation development authority
802	created in Section 63H-1-201 may impose a tax under this section for accommodations and
803	services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) within a project area described in a project
804	area plan adopted by the authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation
805	Development Authority Act, as though the authority were a municipality.
806	(2) Subject to the limitations of Subsection (1), a governing body of a municipality
807	may, by ordinance, increase or decrease the tax under this part.
808	(3) A governing body of a municipality shall regulate the tax under this part by
809	ordinance.
810	(4) A municipality may use revenues generated by the tax under this part for general
811	fund purposes.
812	(5) (a) A municipality may not impose a tax under this section for accommodations and
813	services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) within a project area described in a project
814	area plan adopted by the authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation
815	Development Authority Act.
816	(b) Subsection (5)(a) does not apply to the military installation development authority's
817	imposition of a tax under this section.
818	Section 14. Section 63H-1-102 is amended to read:
819	63H-1-102. Definitions.
820	As used in this chapter:
821	(1) "Authority" means the Military Installation Development Authority, created under
822	Section 63H-1-201.
823	(2) "Base taxable value" means the taxable value of the property within $[a]$ any portion
824	of the project area, as designated by board resolution, from which tax increment will be
825	collected, as shown upon the assessment roll last equalized before the [effective date] year in
826	which the authority issues a certificate of occupancy for a building within that portion of the
827	project area [plan].
828	(3) "Board" means the governing body of the authority created under Section
829	63H-1-301.
830	(4) "Dedicated supplemental tax increment" means supplemental tax increment that
831	results from a property tax levied by:

832	(a) a county, including any district the county has established under Subsection
833	17-34-3(2) to levy a property tax under Title 17, Chapter 34, Municipal-Type Services to
834	Unincorporated Areas; or
835	(b) an included municipality.
836	[(4)] (5) "Development project" means a project to develop military land.
837	(6) "Elected member" means a member of the authority board who:
838	(a) is a mayor appointed under Subsection 63H-1-302(2)(b); or
839	(b) (i) is appointed to the authority board under Subsection 63H-1-302(2)(a) or (3); and
840	(ii) concurrently serves in an elected state, county, or municipal office.
841	(7) "Included municipality" means a municipality, some or all of which is included
842	within a project area.
843	[(5)] (8) "Military land" means any land [owned by the federal government that is part
844	of an active or closed federal defense and military installation] or facility, including any leased
845	land or facility, that is part of a base, camp, post, station, yard, center, $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{or} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ installation
845a	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\frac{1}{2}, \text{ or other}]$
846	<u>facility</u>] ← $\hat{\mathbf{H}}$ under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Department of Defense or the $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\mathbf{state}]$ <u>Utah</u>
846a	<u>National Guard</u> ←Ĥ .
847	(9) "Municipal energy tax" means a municipal energy sales and use tax under Title 10,
848	Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act.
849	(10) "Municipal services revenue" means revenue that the authority:
850	(a) collects from the authority's:
851	(i) levy of a municipal energy tax;
852	(ii) levy of a telecommunications tax; and
853	(iii) imposition of a transient room tax;
854	(b) receives under Subsection 59-12-205(2)(b)(ii); and
855	(c) receives as dedicated supplemental tax increment.
856	(11) "Municipal tax" means a municipal energy tax, telecommunications tax, or
857	transient room tax.
858	[(6)] (12) "Project area" means the [geographic area] military land, whether consisting
859	of a single contiguous area or multiple noncontiguous areas, described in a project area plan or
860	draft project area plan where the development project set forth in the project area plan or draft
861	project area plan takes place or is proposed to take place.
862	$\left[\frac{7}{13}\right]$ "Project area budget" means a multiyear projection of annual or cumulative

863	revenues and expenses and other fiscal matters pertaining to a project area that includes:
864	(a) the base taxable value of property in the project area;
865	(b) the projected tax increment expected to be generated within the project area;
866	(c) the amount of tax increment expected to be shared with other taxing entities;
867	(d) the amount of tax increment expected to be used to implement the project area plan,
868	including the estimated amount of tax increment to be used for land acquisition, public
869	improvements, infrastructure improvements, and loans, grants, or other incentives to private
870	and public entities;
871	(e) the tax increment expected to be used to cover the cost of administering the project
872	area plan;
873	(f) if [the area from which] tax increment is to be collected [is less than the entire] at
874	different times or from different portions of the project area, or both:
875	(i) (A) the tax identification numbers of the parcels from which tax increment will be
876	collected; or
877	[(ii)] (B) a legal description of the portion of the project area from which tax increment
878	will be collected; and
879	(ii) an estimate of when other portions of the project area will become subject to tax
880	increment collection; and
881	(g) for property that the [agency] authority owns or leases and expects to sell or
882	sublease, the expected total cost of the property to the [agency] authority and the expected
883	selling price or lease payments.
884	[(8)] (14) "Project area plan" means a written plan that, after its effective date, guides
885	and controls the development within a project area.
886	[(9)] (15) "Property tax" includes privilege tax and each levy on an ad valorem basis on
887	tangible or intangible personal or real property.
888	[(10)] <u>(16)</u> "Public entity" means:
889	(a) the state, including any of its departments or agencies; or
890	(b) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, city, town, school district,
891	local district, special service district, or interlocal cooperation entity.
892	[(11)] (17) "Publicly owned infrastructure and improvements" means water, sewer,

storm drainage, electrical, telecommunications, and other similar systems and lines, streets,

094	roads, curb, gutter, sidewark, warkways, parking facilities, public transportation facilities, and
895	other buildings, facilities, infrastructure, and improvements benefitting the public and to be
896	publicly owned or publicly maintained or operated.
897	[(12) "Record property owner" or "record owner of property" means the owner of real
898	property as shown on the records of the recorder of the county in which the property is located
899	and includes a purchaser under a real estate contract if the contract is recorded in the office of
900	the recorder of the county in which the property is located or the purchaser gives written notice
901	of the real estate contract to the agency.]
902	(18) "Remaining municipal services revenue" means municipal service revenue that th
903	authority has not spent during its fiscal year for municipal services as provided in Subsection
904	<u>63H-1-503(1).</u>
905	(19) "Supplemental tax increment" means tax increment remaining after the authority
906	is paid the tax increment it is entitled to receive under Subsection 63H-1-501(1).
907	[(13)] (20) "Taxable value" means the value of property as shown on the last equalized
908	assessment roll as certified by the county assessor.
909	[(14)] (21) "Tax increment" means the difference between:
910	(a) the amount of property tax revenues generated each tax year by all taxing entities
911	from the area within a project area designated in the project area plan as the area from which
912	tax increment is to be collected, using the current assessed value of the property; and
913	(b) the amount of property tax revenues that would be generated from that same area
914	using the base taxable value of the property.
915	[(15)] (22) "Taxing entity" means a public entity that levies a tax on property within a
916	[community] project area.
917	(23) "Telecommunications tax" means a telecommunications license tax under Title
918	10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act.
919	(24) "Transient room tax" means a tax under Section 59-12-352.
920	Section 15. Section 63H-1-201 is amended to read:
921	Part 2. Authority Creation and Powers
922	63H-1-201. Creation of military installation development authority Status and
923	powers of authority Limitation.
924	(1) There is created a military installation development authority.

925	(2) The authority is:
926	(a) an independent, nonprofit, separate body corporate and politic, with perpetual
927	succession[-] and statewide jurisdiction, whose purpose is to facilitate the development of
928	military land in a project area;
929	(b) a political subdivision of the state; and
930	(c) a public corporation, as defined in Section 63E-1-102.
931	(3) The authority may:
932	(a) facilitate the development of military land within one or more project areas, as
933	provided in this chapter;
934	$\left[\frac{a}{b}\right]$ (b) sue and be sued;
935	[(b)] (c) enter into contracts generally;
936	[(c)] (d) buy, obtain an option upon, or otherwise acquire any interest in real or
937	personal property [within the boundaries of a military installation;]:
938	(i) on military land; or
939	(ii) outside military land for publicly owned infrastructure and improvements, if the
940	board considers the purchase, option, or other interest acquisition to be necessary for fulfilling
941	the authority's development objectives;
942	[(d)] (e) sell, convey, grant, dispose of by gift, or otherwise dispose of any interest in
943	real or personal property;
944	[(e)] (f) enter into a lease agreement on real or personal property, either as lessee or
945	lessor[, within the boundaries of a military installation;]:
946	(i) on military land; or
947	(ii) outside military land, if the board considers the lease to be necessary for fulfilling
948	the authority's development objectives:
949	[(f)] (g) provide for the development of military land under contracts with the federal
950	government;
951	[(g)] (h) exercise powers and perform functions under a contract with the federal
952	government, as authorized in that contract;
953	(i) exercise exclusive police power within a project area to the same extent as though
954	the authority were a municipality, including the collection of regulatory fees;
955	[(h)] (j) receive tax increment and other taxes and fees as provided in this chapter;

956	[(i)] (k) accept financial or other assistance from any public or private source for the
957	authority's activities, powers, and duties, and expend any funds so received for any of the
958	purposes of this chapter;
959	[(j)] (1) borrow money or accept financial or other assistance from the federal
960	government, a public entity, or any other source for any of the purposes of this chapter and
961	comply with any conditions of the loan or assistance;
962	[(k)] (m) issue bonds to finance the undertaking of any development objectives of the
963	authority, including bonds under Title 11, Chapter 17, Utah Industrial Facilities and
964	Development Act, and bonds under Title 11, Chapter 42, Assessment Area Act;
965	[(1)] (n) hire employees, including contract employees;
966	[(m)] (o) transact other business and exercise all other powers provided for in this
967	chapter;
968	[(n)] (p) enter into a [partnership] development agreement with a developer of military
969	land; [and]
970	[(o)] (q) enter into an agreement with a political subdivision of the state under which
971	the political subdivision provides one or more municipal services within a project area[-];
972	(r) enter into an agreement with a private contractor to provide one or more municipal
973	services within a project area; and
974	(s) exercise powers and perform functions that the authority is authorized by statute to
975	exercise or perform.
976	(4) The authority may not itself provide law enforcement service or fire protection
977	service within a project area but may enter into an agreement for one or both of those services,
978	as provided in Subsection (3)(q).
979	Section 16. Section 63H-1-202 , which is renumbered from Section 63H-1-404 is
980	renumbered and amended to read:
981	[63H-1-404]. <u>63H-1-202.</u> Applicability of other law.
982	(1) The authority is not subject to:
983	[(1)] (a) Title 10, Chapter 9a, Municipal Land Use, Development, and Management
984	Act;
985	[(2)] (b) Title 17, Chapter 27a, County Land Use, Development, and Management Act;
986	[or]

987	[(3) the land use]
988	(c) any ordinances or regulations of a county or municipality[-], including those
989	relating to land use, health, business license, or franchise; or
990	(d) the jurisdiction of any local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local
991	Government Entities - Local Districts, or special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1,
992	Special Service District Act.
993	(2) The authority is subject to and governed by Sections 63E-2-106, 63E-2-107,
994	63E-2-108, 63E-2-109, 63E-2-110, and 63E-2-111, but is not otherwise subject to or governed
995	by Title 63E, Independent Entities Code.
996	Section 17. Section 63H-1-203 is enacted to read:
997	63H-1-203. Levy of a municipal tax.
998	Any levy of a municipal energy tax, a telecommunications tax, or a transient room tax,
999	including any increase in the applicable tax rate, requires the affirmative vote of:
1000	(1) the authority board; and
1001	(2) a majority of all elected members of the authority board.
1002	Section 18. Section 63H-1-301 is amended to read:
1003	63H-1-301. Authority board.
1004	(1) The authority shall be governed by a board which shall manage and conduct the
1005	business and affairs of the authority and shall determine all questions of authority policy.
1006	(2) All powers of the authority are exercised through the board.
1007	(3) The board may by resolution delegate powers to authority staff.
1008	Section 19. Section 63H-1-302 is amended to read:
1009	63H-1-302. Number of board members Appointment.
1010	(1) The authority's board shall consist of seven members.
1011	(2) Five members of the board shall be appointed by the governor as follows:
1012	(a) one member shall be appointed from recommendations from the Utah Defense
1013	Alliance;
1014	(b) three members shall be appointed, each of whom is a mayor $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{or}}$ member of the
1014a	<u>legislative body</u> $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ of a municipality $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{that is}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$
1015	adjacent $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\text{or in close proximity}} \leftarrow \hat{H}$ to $\hat{H} \rightarrow [f]$ a $[f]$ [military] $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ [installation]
1015a	Ĥ→ [-land] project area or proposed project area ←Ĥ; and
1016	(c) one member shall be appointed from the Governor's Office of Economic
1017	Development.

1018	(3) The president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Representatives shall
1019	each appoint one board member.
1020	(4) (a) Each vacancy shall be filled in the same manner under this section as the
1021	appointment of the member whose vacancy is being filled.
1022	(b) Each person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve the remaining unexpired term of
1023	the member whose vacancy the person is filling.
1024	(c) If a mayor appointed under Subsection (2)(b) leaves office as mayor, a vacancy on
1025	the board occurs and the governor shall appoint another mayor, as provided in Subsection
1026	(2)(b), to fill the vacancy.
1027	(d) A member of the board appointed by the governor, president of the Senate, or
1028	speaker of the House of Representatives serves at the pleasure of and may be removed and
1029	replaced at any time, with or without cause, by the governor, president of the Senate, or speaker
1030	of the House of Representatives, respectively.
1031	Section 20. Section 63H-1-303 is amended to read:
1032	63H-1-303. Term of board members.
1033	(1) The term of board members is four years, except that the term of the members of
1034	the initial board shall be staggered so that the [terms] term of approximately half the board
1035	members expires every two years.
1036	(2) Each board member shall serve until a successor is duly appointed and qualified.
1037	Section 21. Section 63H-1-401 is amended to read:
1038	Part 4. Project Area Plan and Budget
1039	63H-1-401. Preparation of project area plan Required contents of project area
1040	plan.
1041	(1) (a) Before spending any funds in a project area or entering into any lease or
1042	development agreement [and subject to Section 63H-1-402], the authority board shall [prepare]
1043	adopt a project area plan[-] as provided in this part.
1044	(b) In order to adopt a project area plan, the authority board shall:
1045	(i) prepare a draft project area plan;
1046	(ii) give notice as required under Subsection 63H-1-402(2);
1047	(iii) hold at least one public meeting, as required under Subsection 63H-1-402(1); and
1048	(iv) after holding at least one public meeting and subject to Subsection (1)(c), adopt the

1049	draft project area plan as the project area plan.
1050	(c) Before adopting a draft project area plan as the project area plan, the authority
1051	board may make modifications to the draft project area plan that the board considers necessary
1052	or appropriate.
1052a	Ĥ→ (d) The authority board may not adopt a project area plan unless at least one of the
052b	board members appointed under Subsection 63I-1-302(2)(b) is a mayor or member of the
1052c	legislative body of a municipality that is adjacent or in close proximity to the project area
052d	described in the project area plan proposed to be adopted. ←Ĥ
1053	(2) Each project area plan [under Subsection (1)] and draft project area plan shall
1054	contain:
1055	(a) a legal description of the boundaries of the project area that is the subject of the
1056	project area plan;
1057	(b) the authority's purposes and intent with respect to the project area; and
1058	(c) the board's findings and determination that:
1059	(i) there is a need to effectuate a public purpose;
1060	(ii) there is a public benefit to the proposed development project;
1061	(iii) it is economically sound and feasible to adopt and carry out the project area plan;
1062	and
1063	(iv) carrying out the project area plan will promote the public peace, health, safety, and
1064	welfare of the community in which the project area is located.
1065	Section 22. Section 63H-1-402 is amended to read:
1066	63H-1-402. Public meeting to discuss preparation of project area plan Notice.
1067	(1) The authority board shall hold at least one public meeting to consider and discuss
1068	the [preparation of the] <u>draft</u> project area plan.
1069	(2) [The] At least ten days before holding a public meeting under Subsection (1), the
1070	authority board shall give notice of [each] the public meeting [under Subsection (1)] to
1071	[affected] taxing entities.
1072	(3) [Upon completion] Following consideration and discussion of the project area plan,
1073	the board [shall provide notice of the time and place of the meeting at which it will consider
1074	adoption of the plan] may adopt the draft project area plan as the project area plan.
1075	Section 23. Section 63H-1-403 is amended to read:
1076	63H-1-403. Notice of project area plan adoption Effective date of plan
1077	Contesting the formation of the plan.
1078	(1) (a) Upon the board's adoption of a project area plan, the board shall provide notice
1079	as provided in Subsection (1)(b) by:

1080	(i) publishing or causing to be published a notice in a newspaper of general circulation
1081	within the authority's boundaries; or
1082	(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the authority's boundaries,
1083	causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the authority's boundaries.
1084	(b) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall:
1085	(i) set forth the board resolution adopting the project area plan or a summary of the
1086	resolution; and
1087	(ii) include a statement that the project area plan is available for general public
1088	inspection and the hours for inspection.
1089	(2) The project area plan shall become effective on the date of:
1090	(a) if notice was published under Subsection (1)(a), publication of the notice; or
1091	(b) if notice was posted under Subsection (1)(a), posting of the notice.
1092	(3) The authority shall make the adopted project area plan available to the general
1093	public at its offices during normal business hours.
1094	(4) Within ten days after adopting a project area plan that establishes a project area, or
1095	after adopting an amendment to a project area plan under which the boundary of a project area
1096	is modified, the authority shall send notice of the establishment or modification of the project
1097	area and an accurate map or plat of the project area to:
1098	(a) the State Tax Commission;
1099	(b) the Automated Geographic Reference Center created in Section 63F-1-506; and
1100	(c) the assessor and recorder of each county in which the project area is located.
1101	Section 24. Section 63H-1-405 is enacted to read:
1102	63H-1-405. Project area budget.
1103	(1) Before the authority may receive or use tax increment, the authority board shall
1104	prepare and adopt a project area budget.
1105	(2) The authority board may amend an adopted project area budget as and when the
1106	authority board considers it appropriate.
1107	Section 25. Section 63H-1-501 is amended to read:
1108	63H-1-501. Authority receipt and use of tax increment Distribution of tax
1109	increment.
1110	(1) The authority may receive and use up to 75% of tax increment for up to 25 years, as

1111	provided in this part.
1112	(2) Improvements on a parcel within a project area become subject to property tax in
1113	the year during which the authority issues a certificate of occupancy with respect to those
1114	improvements.
1115	[(2)] (3) Each county that collects property tax on property within a project area shall
1116	pay and distribute to the [agency] authority the tax increment and dedicated supplemental tax
1117	increment that the [agency] authority is entitled to collect under this title, in the manner and at
1118	the time provided in Section 59-2-1365.
1119	Section 26. Section 63H-1-502 is amended to read:
1120	63H-1-502. Allowable uses of tax increment and other funds.
1121	(1) The authority may use tax increment and other funds available to the authority,
1122	other than municipal services revenue:
1123	(a) for any of the purposes for which the use of tax increment is authorized under this
1124	chapter;
1125	(b) for administrative, overhead, legal, and other operating expenses of the authority;
1126	(c) to pay for, including financing or refinancing, all or part of the development of
1127	military land within the project area from which the tax increment funds were collected;
1128	(d) to pay the cost of the installation and construction of any publicly owned [building,
1129	facility, structure, landscaping, or other improvement] infrastructure and improvements within
1130	the project area from which the tax increment funds were collected;
1131	(e) to pay the cost of the installation of <u>publicly owned</u> infrastructure and
1132	improvements outside the project area from which the tax increment funds were collected if the
1133	authority board determines by resolution that the infrastructure and improvements are of
1134	benefit to the project area; and
1135	(f) to pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the authority.
1136	(2) The determination of the authority board under Subsection (1)(e) regarding benefit
1137	to the project area shall be final and conclusive.
1138	Section 27. Section 63H-1-503 is enacted to read:
1139	63H-1-503. Use of municipal services revenue.
1140	(1) The authority may use municipal services revenue to pay for:
1141	(a) administrative, overhead, legal, and other operating expenses of the authority; and

1142	(b) municipal services within the project area from which the revenue was collected.
1143	(2) Unless otherwise provided by agreement between the authority and each county and
1144	municipality levying a property tax on property within a project area, the authority shall
1145	distribute any remaining municipal services revenue equally among all counties and
1146	municipalities that levy a property tax on property within a project area.
1147	Section 28. Section 63H-1-706 is enacted to read:
1148	63H-1-706. Authority chief financial officer is a public treasurer Certain
1149	authority funds are public funds.
1150	(1) The authority's chief financial officer:
1151	(a) is a public treasurer, as defined in Section 51-7-3; and
1152	(b) shall invest the authority funds specified in Subsection (2) as provided in that
1153	subsection.
1154	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection 63E-2-110(2)(a), tax increment funds, municipal
1155	services revenue, and appropriations that the authority receives from the state:
1156	(a) are public funds; and
1157	(b) shall be invested as provided in Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
1158	Section 29. Section 63H-1-801 is amended to read:
1159	63H-1-801. Dissolution of authority Restrictions Filing copy of ordinance
1160	Authority records Dissolution expenses.
1161	(1) The authority may not be dissolved unless the authority has no outstanding bonded
1162	indebtedness, other unpaid loans, indebtedness, or advances, and no legally binding contractual
1163	obligations with persons or entities other than the state.
1164	(2) Upon the dissolution of the authority[- ;]:
1165	(a) the Governor's Office of Economic Development shall publish a notice of
1166	dissolution in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the dissolved authority
1167	is located[-]; and
1168	(b) all title to property owned by the authority vests in the state.
1169	(3) The books, documents, records, papers, and seal of each dissolved authority shall
1170	be deposited for safekeeping and reference with the state auditor.
1171	(4) The authority shall pay all expenses of the deactivation and dissolution.
1172	Section 30. Effective date.

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1173	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
1174	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
1175	Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
1176	the date of veto override.

Fiscal Note

S.B. 56 2nd Sub. (Salmon) - Military Installation Development Authority Amendments

2009 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill would have no impact of current revenue. However, the bill authorizes a diversion of 50 percent of the sales tax revenue collected in the designated Military Authority zone. This could have an impact on future General Fund revenues once the zone is established.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals or businesses. Local governments could see a shift in property tax revenue between tax types as a result of the property tax increments established in the bill.

2/27/2009, 11:44:28 AM, Lead Analyst: Wilko, A.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst